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Trifocal platform that performs on any optic

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All authors have no financial interests



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INTRODUCTION

- With the increase in patients' demand for spectacle independence after cataract surgery, a variety of advanced intraocular lenses (IOL) have been developed in recent years
- The technological advances of trifocal lenses are intended to answer two specific questions:
 - 1. Do patients accept this new quality of vision?
 - 2. Is this quality of vision maintained over the time?



MATERIAL AND METHODS

- 30 eyes of 15 patients were evaluated in San Marino Hospital after implantation of RayOne Trifocal IOL (Group 1-20 eyes) and Sulcoflex Trifocal IOL (Group 2-10 eyes)
- Average Follow-up: 12 Months (Range 10-16 months)
- Average age: 71.81 (Range 53-84)

SULCOFLEX TRIFOCAL:

- 50% pseudophakic eyes
- 50% phaco + monofocal IOL in the bag + Sulcoflex Trifocal (DUET PROCEDURE)

EXCLUSION CRITERIA:

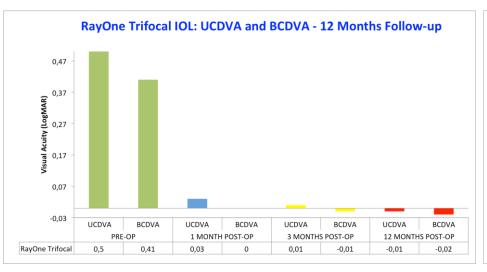
- Previous ocular surgery
- Regular corneal astigmatism > 0.75 D
- Irregular astigmatism and corneal opacities
- Glaucoma with impairment of GCL and RNFL
- Macular diseases

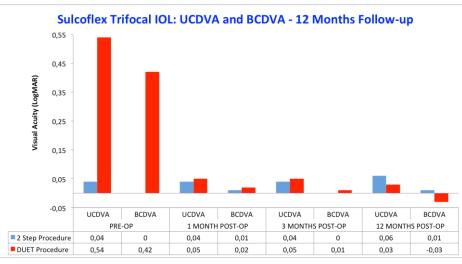
DATA EVALUATED:

- Uncorrected Distance Visual Acuity (UCDVA) and Best Corrected Distance Visual Acuity (BCDVA) (LogMAR)
- Uncorrected and Best Corrected Near (UCNVA, BCNVA) and Intermediate Visual Acuity (UCIVA, BCIVA) (LogMAR) with MNread charts
- Defocus curve from -4.00 D to + 2.00 D
- Contrast sensitivity (mesopic 3 cd/m²; photopic 85 cd/m²) with MOS 22 (Dueffe Tecnovision)
- Aberrometry (OSIRIS CSO)
- Patient satisfaction with a self-administered questionnaire (NEI-RQL-42TM)
- PCO incidence and IOL stability with digital photos of anterior segment

DISTANCE VISUAL ACUITY

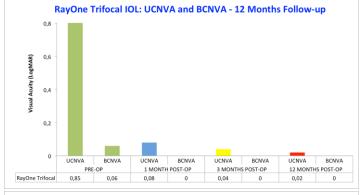
- All patients in RayOne Trifocal Group achieved monocular UCDVA of 0.1 LogMAR or better
- 70% of patients in Sulcoflex Trifocal Group achieved monocular UCDVA of 0.1 LogMAR or better
- All patients of both Groups (RayOne and Sulcoflex Trifocal) achieved monocular BCDVA of 0.1 LogMAR or better

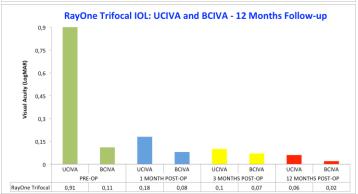


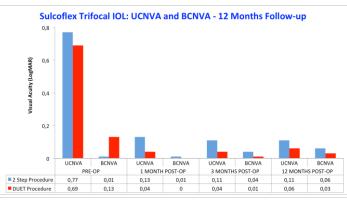


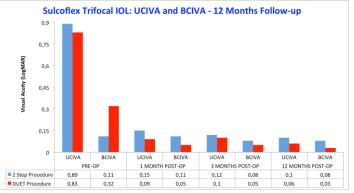
NEAR AND INTERMEDIATE VISUAL ACUITY

- All patients in RayOne Trifocal Group achieved monocular UCNVA and UCIVA of 0.1 LogMAR or better
- In Sulcoflex Trifocal Group, 70% and 100% of patients achieved respectively monocular UCNVA and UCIVA of 0.1 LogMAR or better
- No statistically significant differences were noted between 2 groups



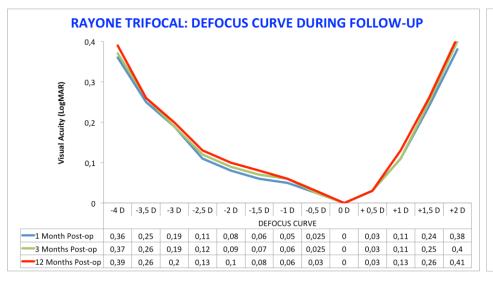


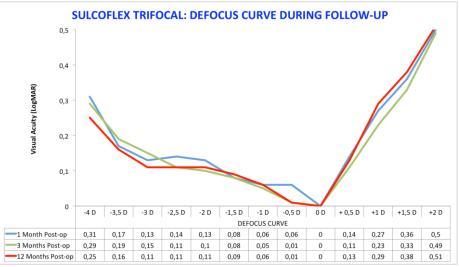




NEAR AND INTERMEDIATE VISION: DEFOCUS CURVE

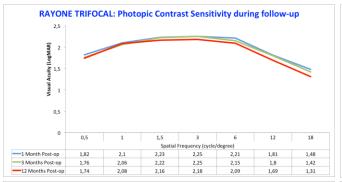
- At 12 months post-op, RayOne and Sulcoflex Trifocal Groups showed a smooth transition phase between the far and the near focus
- From +0.50 D to -2.50 D, visual acuity was on average 0.10 LogMAR or better in all patients, demonstrating good intermediate vision
- At -3.00 D (near vision at 33 cm) and -4.00 D (near vision at 25 cm) visual acuity was on average 0.20 and 0.39
 LogMAR for RayOne Trifocal Group and 0.11 and 0.25 LogMAR for Sulcoflex Trifocal Group
- There were **no statistically significant differences** between the two groups (p>0,01) and no statistically significant changes in defocus curve during the follow-up

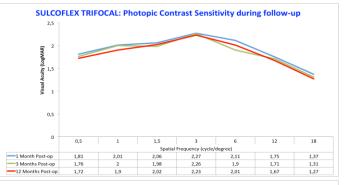


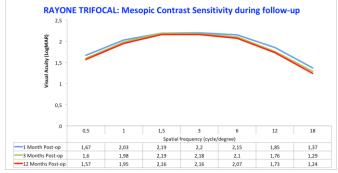


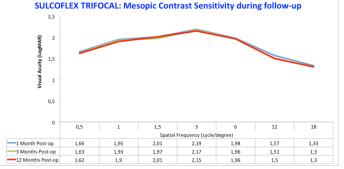
QUALITY OF VISION: CONTRAST SENSITIVITY

- Contrast sensitivity levels of both groups were within **normal limits under photopic** (85 cd/m²) **and mesopic** (3 cd/m²) **conditions** during the follow-up
- In photopic and mesopic condition RayOne Trifocal and Sulcoflex Trifocal Groups showed similar results throughout all spatial frequency
- During follow-up, there were **no statistically significant changes** in contrast sensitivity levels



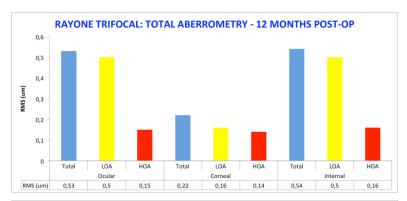


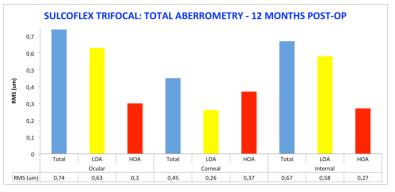


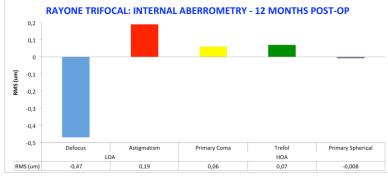


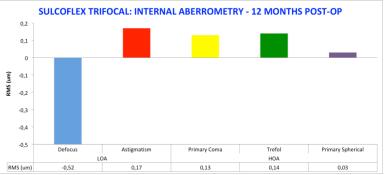
QUALITY OF VISION: ABERROMETRY

- RayOne Trifocal and Sulcoflex Trifocal Groups showed low values of LOA and HOA regarding ocular, corneal
 and internal aberrations in all patients
- RayOne Trifocal Group showed lower internal LOA and HOA aberrations than Sulcoflex Trifocal Group (not statistically significant)



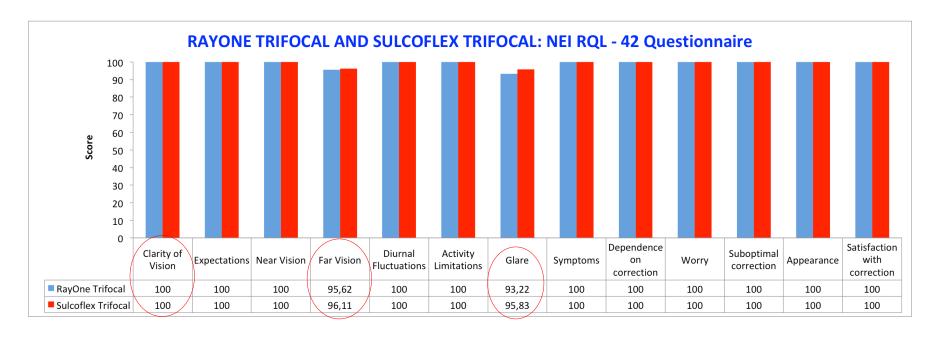






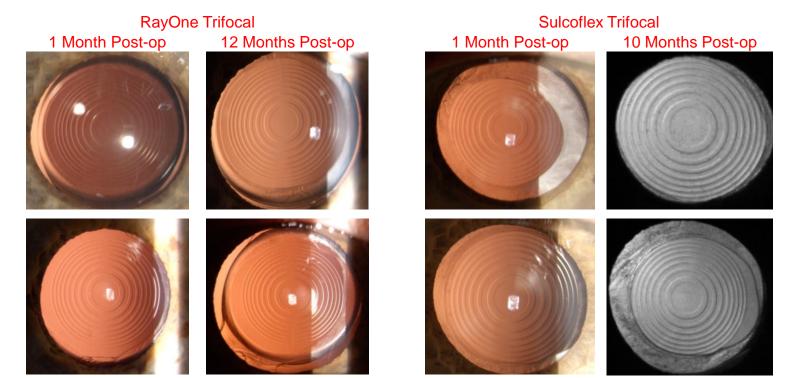
QUALITY OF VISION: PATIENT SATISFACTION

- Patient satisfaction was evaluated with a self-administered questionnaire (NEI RQL 42)
- High patient satisfaction was found in all patient underwent to a RayOne Trifocal and uSulcoflex Trifocal IOL implantation
- Although the "far vision" and "glare" category have the lowest score compared to the others, overall they reached a very high score (95/100)



QUALITY OF VISION: PCO AND IOL STABILITY

- We evaluated IOL stability and Posterior Capsular Opacification (PCO) incidence with digital photo of anterior segment during the follow-up
- No PCO was reported in any patients with RayOne Trifocal and Sulcoflex Trifocal IOL
- IOL stability and centration was excellent during the follow-up: **no tilting or decentration** was reported in any case

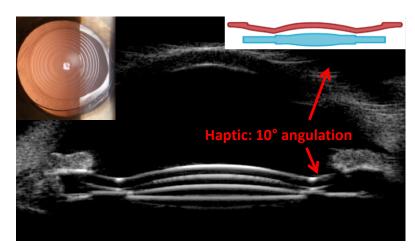


SULCOFLEX TRIFOCAL: CRITICAL QUESTIONS

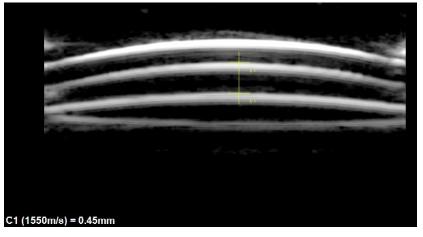
FIRST QUESTION: Since it is implanted in the sulcus, is there the possibility that it interacts with the IOL in the bag?

UBM: CENTERING AND POSITIONING IN THE SULCUS

• We performed **UBM** in all patients at the 3 month post-op to observe the centering and positioning of the **Sulcoflex Trifocal** and its possible interaction with the surrounding ocular structures



Haptic angulation 10°: strong stability and centration



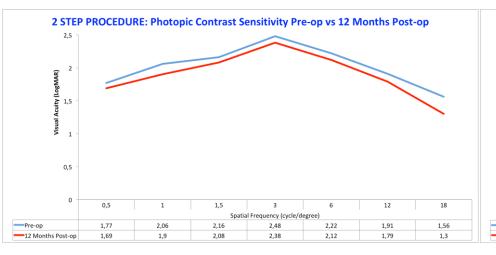
Posterior concave surface allows to obtain a good vaulting (400-450 microns): No interaction with primary IOL

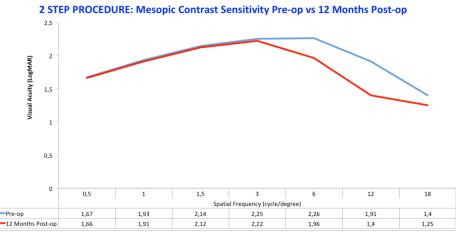
SULCOFLEX TRIFOCAL: CRITICAL QUESTIONS

- A pseudophakic patient has a very high visual quality
- SECOND QUESTION: By implanting a Sulcoflex Trifocal in the sulcus of a pseudophakic patient, is there a risk of compromising visual quality?

PHOTOPIC AND MESOPIC CONTRAST SENSITIVITY: PRE-SULCOFLEX VS POST-SULCOFLEX

- Post-op photopic contrast sensitivity (85 cd/m²) was similar compared to pre-op contrast sensitivity in pseudophakic eyes
- In mesopic condition (3 cd/m²) after Sulcoflex Trifocal implantation there was a reduction in contrast sensitivity at higher spatial frequency > 12 cycle/degree (not statistically significant)
- During follow-up, there were **no statistically significant changes** in contrast sensitivity levels

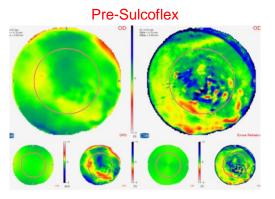


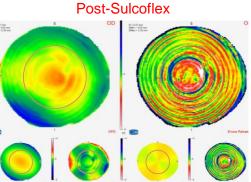


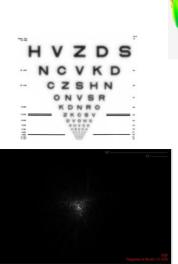
SULCOFLEX TRIFOCAL: CRITICAL ISSUES

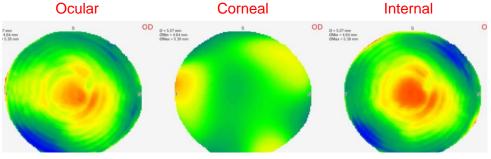
TOTAL AND INTERNAL ABERROMETRY

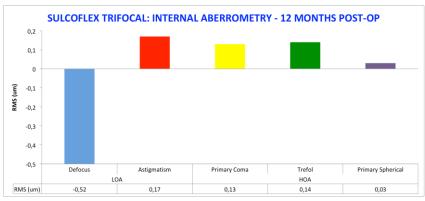
- Sulcoflex Trifocal IOL showed low values of LOA and HOA regarding total and internal aberrations in all patients
- Internal aberrations are directly related to the IOL: low values of RMS indicate a minimum dispersion of the light inside the eye and good quality of vision











CONCLUSION: RAYONE TRIFOCAL & SULCOFLEX TRIFOCAL

- The RayOne Trifocal and Sulcoflex Trifocal provide a very high level of spectacle independence, with a high post-operative satisfaction
- RayOne Trifocal and Sulcoflex Trifocal IOL showed similar results regarding visual outcomes, defocus curve, contrast sensitivity and internal aberrations
- Both Trifocal IOLs demonstrated long term stability, good centration and no PCO
- Sulcoflex Trifocal showed long term stability and centration and no interaction with primary IOL during the follow-up in all patients
- This new trifocal IOLs offer a valid alternative for spectacle independence after cataract surgery in selected patients